

Useage By Race

How screen time varies between black, asian, hispanic, and white communities

Media in the lives of White, Black, Hispanic, and Asian children differs in time spent online, types of media used, and which media types and devices they own. The findings of this report analyzes children ages 8-18 and has revealed critical results about media use as it compares to race. These findings prove the connection between race, socioeconomic status, and screen use.



<http://www.pngall.com/kids-png>

TYPES OF MEDIA:

Each race analyzed had differences in which media platform was used most frequently. Mobile platforms differ substantially by race, with minority youth spending an up to two hours a day on mobile platforms (Rideout). When it comes to TV, Black and Hispanic youth watch about an hour more TV each day than White or Asian youth, and when discussing computer use, Asian youth are spending nearly three hours a day online, on average they have more computers in the home than other young people (Rideout).



<https://www.apple.com/shop/buy-mac/imac>

MINORITY YOUTH:

“Black, Hispanic, and Asian youth consume an average of four and a half more hours of media a day than White youth do (Rideout).” This shows that media availability is higher in White communities rather than minority, which isn’t surprising because White neighborhoods have higher socioeconomic statuses.



<https://homeofarticle.com/different-types-wireless-devices/>

EARLY USE:

“The embrace of online and social media among Hispanic tweens is particularly interesting given that there is a large gap in computer use in the early years, with 23% of Hispanic children age six and under having ever used a computer, compared with 50% of White and 42% of Black children” (Rideout). Once again, White screen use is higher and the results match.